MONSOON
UNIVERSAL JET VENTILATOR

Instructions for Use
Version 5.6e

This manual only applies to:
monsoon with software Version: 1.15 or higher
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FOR YOUR SAFETY AND THAT OF YOUR PATIENTS

Read Instructions for Use

Any use of this apparatus requires full understanding and strict observation of these instructions for use. This apparatus is only to be used for purposes specified here.

Safety Notices

Always observe

- Any use of the ventilator requires full understanding and strict observation of these instructions. The apparatus is only to be used for purposes specified here.

- The ventilator is only to be operated by qualified technical staff or under their supervision to immediately provide assistance in the event of malfunction.

- If the new value is not confirmed by the operator by pressing the rotary pulse encoder or the touch monitor the value will automatically be reset after a few seconds.

- Always have an alternate ventilation system (e.g. resuscitation bag) when using the ventilator.

- If the life support function can no longer be ensured due to an obvious ventilator defect, immediately provide artificial ventilation to the patient via a self-contained ventilator (e.g. resuscitation bag).

- Never use the ventilator together with flammable gas or Anaesthetics – acute fire and explosion hazard!

- Do not use the ventilator in explosion-risk areas!

- An audible sound indicates a system or patient alert and always requires action by medical staff.
An audible alarm will sound in the event of power failure. Resetting the alarm requires the on/off switch to be pressed.

Never use the ventilator on patients when a fault is detected during equipment check!

Do not connect to electrical devices not specified in this manual without consulting the manufacturers or an expert professional.

Never cover the ventilator or position in a way which will negatively impact operation or function.

Always unplug before opening the housing!

Never use mobile phones within 10 metres of the ventilator. Mobile phones may interfere with the performance of electromedical equipment.

Never use antistatic or electroconductive tubes.

Note: the absence of e.g. allergy stimulating or genetically harmful substances, e.g. Phthalates, in our products ensures user safety and health.
MONSOON is a Universal Jet ventilator classified as device group IIb according to European directive.

1.) The apparatus must be safety inspected and serviced at regular 6 months intervals in compliance with the manufacturer instructions as well as §6 MPBetreibV Medical Devices Operator Ordinance dated 6/29/1998.

2.) Service must be performed by professionals trained by ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG with the suitable measuring and testing devices.

3.) ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG recommends obtaining a service contract with an exclusive representative of ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG.

4.) Only use genuine ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG replacement parts.

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1 Definition:

- Inspection = Determine actual condition
- Service = Measures to maintain desired condition
- Repair = Measures to restore desired condition
- Maintenance = Inspection, maintenance, repair
Accessories

Use only accessories specified in the accessory list.

Safe Use

Do not use in explosion-risk areas.

This equipment is not approved for use in explosion-risk areas.

Safe connection with electrical devices

Do not connect to electrical devices not specified in this manual without consulting the manufacturers or an expert professional.

Liability for Proper Function and Damage

Any and all liability for the proper function of the apparatus is irrevocably transferred to the owner or operator if the apparatus has been serviced or repaired by personnel not associated with ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG Service or if the apparatus was used in a manner not conforming to its intended use.

ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG assumes no liability for damages caused by non-compliance with preceding notices. The warranty and liability provisions of the terms of sale and delivery of ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG are likewise not modified by the recommendations mentioned above.

ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG
Medical Purpose

Universal Jet ventilator is designed for use in ICU (long term applications) and in the operating theatre for laryngoscopy, rigid bronchoscopy, microsurgeries with or without laser. The apparatus is also suitable for use combined with imaging procedures to minimise organ motion due to artificial ventilation.

For ICU long-term applications we recommend performing routine blood gas analyses as the applied minute volume cannot be accurately measured with Jet ventilation and could fluctuate greatly due to modified pulmonary compliance.

Contraindications

With respect to contraindications please note Jet ventilation shall only be used by clinical specialists with extensive knowledge of Jet ventilation.

There are no known contraindications in the area of laryngoscopy, bronchoscopy or laser surgery. In a few cases CO₂ exhalation in heavy weight patients was associated with problems during Single Jet ventilation. In these cases Jet ventilation was temporarily suspended and conventional ventilation used until the CO₂ values returned to normal. With Double Jet CO₂ exhalation is supported through the low-frequency Jet, suspending Jet ventilation is therefore no longer required. Always monitor the CO₂ values when using artificial ventilation. This may be done using a CO₂ module for the MONSOON sold separately, a capnograph or transcutaneous CO₂ measurement.

For detailed studies and experienced data please contact:

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Indications for Use

Always have a manual resuscitator ready when using a Jet ventilator in the event of insufficient CO₂ elimination or insufficient oxygenation in the patient.

Oxygen saturation and CO₂ should be routinely monitored via capnograph and pulse oximeter or blood gas analysis.

With long-term use of the Jet apparatus routinely check the function of the mucous membranes of the trachea for sufficient humidification to prevent desiccation. Since the MONSOON features an efficient heating and humidification system no problems have occurred in the field.

A large number of surgical procedures of the ventilation system are performed through the use of laser. This poses a risk of flammable materials (e.g. catheter, swab, residual tissue) in the operating field igniting, which could be further promoted by an increased concentration of oxygen.

**Laser procedures may therefore only be performed together with the Jet catheter “Laserjet”**.

The MONSOON features a function specifically for laser procedures allowing the user to set the oxygen concentration to be administered during a laser procedure. This feature is activated with the **Laser on/off switch**, the blender as quickly as possible regulates at the set default oxygen concentration of < 40 %Vol, the concentration cannot be increased with active laser function. Once the blender reaches an oxygen concentration of < 40 %Vol the notification **“Laser OK”** is displayed.

Once the laser procedure is completed or the function is deactivated the blender automatically returns to the last O₂ value setting.

The notification **“Laser OK”** merely refers to having reached the default oxygen concentration in the blender. An increased oxygen concentration may still be present in the respiratory tracts of the patient as the ventilation parameters or constricted respiratory tracts results in a decreased depletion of the oxygen.
Ventilation Modes

The Single Jet version features one port, the Double Jet features two ports for Jet ventilation. The frequency, inspiration time and emission pressure are adjustable. The apparatus further features an outlet for a so-called AUX-Flow, which may be used for patient pre-oxygenation or emergency ventilation.

Only use this apparatus under the supervision of trained medical staff to provide immediate assistance in the event of a malfunction.

Never use the apparatus with flammable gasses or anaesthetics, fire hazard!

Never use mobile phones within 10 metres of the apparatus!

Mobile phones may interfere with the function of electromedical apparatuses.

Also Note:

Availability of manual ventilation

If the life support function can no longer be ensured due to an obvious ventilator defect, immediately provide artificial ventilation to the patient via a self-contained ventilator (e.g. resuscitation bag).
Maintenance Intervals, Batteries

Apparatus and/or parts must be cleaned and disinfected prior to any maintenance* - including returning the apparatus for repair.

Every 6 months
  Perform:
  - Check alarm and limit functions
  - Check pressure connections
  - Check electrical connections
  - Check safety shut-offs

Every 12 months
  - Check alarm and limit functions
  - Check pressure connections
  - Check electrical connections
  - Check safety shut-offs
  - Calibration
  - Replace the following components:
    - O₂ sensor (P/N 7003)
    - Qty. 2 gas supply input filter (P/N 1171)
    - Water intake needle(s) (P/N 1265), qty. 2 on Double jet
    - Water tube set:
      - Double Jet (P/N 7918)
      - Single Jet (P/N 7919)

Every 1000 operating hours
- Replace the following components:
  - MATRIX Jet valve (P/N 7867), qty. 2 on Double jet
  - Heating cartridge (P/N 7942)

Every 3 years
- replace all internal tubing

Every 10 years
- replace lithium battery for data backup (dispose of used battery)
  Standard lithium battery CR 2032

Maintenance and safety inspection must be performed by professionals trained by ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG with the suitable measuring and testing devices.
Contents

The MONSOON is available in the following configurations:

- **MONSOON Basic**
  - 1-channel Jet
  - Pause pressure monitor
  - Respiratory tract pressure monitor
  - AUX-Flow 15 lpm
  - Air/oxygen blender
  - 9” touch screen colour display
  - Optional:
    - Video camera
    - etCO₂ module

- **MONSOON +**
  - 1-channel Jet
  - Pause pressure monitor
  - Respiratory tract pressure monitor
  - Flow monitor
  - Built-in heater and humidification
  - AUX-Flow 0 - 70 lpm
  - Air/oxygen blender
  - 9” touch screen colour display
  - Optional:
    - Video camera
    - 2nd Jet channel
    - etCO₂ module
USER INTERFACE

Front View / Connectors

![MONSOON - front view](image)

**Legend:**
Element 1: Control panel (MMI = ManMachineInterface) with rotary pulse encoder
Element 2: Main unit
Element 3: Control panel connection
Element 4: Controls for main unit
Element 5: Ports for patient tubes, water supply, etCO₂ measuring tube
Element 6: Connection cable control panel to main unit
Control Panel Overview

Legend:
Element 1: Patient alarm LED
Element 2: System alarm LED
Element 3: Display
Element 4: Jet on/off switch (with LED); hold key in manual mode
Element 5: Manual/automatic mode switch (with LEDs)
Element 6: Video channel activation for camera
Element 7: Laser function on/off switch (with LED)
Element 8: Reset alarms and notifications
Element 9: Mute alarm (with LED) (2 minutes)
Element 10: Rotary pulse encoder
Main Unit Overview

In the event of a control panel defect, ventilation will continue with the previously set parameters, the defective piece can meanwhile be replaced with a new control panel during operation. For safety reasons, the Jet may only be switched off from the main unit.

Legend:
Element 1: Patient alarm LED
Element 2: System alarm LED
Element 3: Connected power LED
Element 4: Mute alarm (with LED) (2 minutes)
Element 5: Jet on/off switch (with LED)

Figure 3: Main unit overview
Display - Single Jet

Legend:
Element 1: Parameter Jet channel 1
Element 2: Graphics respiratory tract pressure and etCO₂
Element 3: Alarm and notification field
Element 4: Measurements
Element 5: Help, menu and patient data keys
Element 6: Oxygen, Aux and humidification parameters
Element 7: Respiratory tract- and pause pressure limits

Figure 4: Single Jet display
Display - Double Jet

Legend:
Element 1: Parameter Jet channel 1
Element 2: Graphics respiratory tract pressure and etCO₂
Element 3: Alarm and notification field
Element 4: Measurements
Element 5: Help, menu and patient data keys
Element 6: Parameter Jet channel 2
Element 7: Oxygen parameter
Element 8: Respiratory tract- and pause pressure limits

Figure 5: Double Jet display
Depending on the model the MONSOON features a built-in O₂-air supply blender, a separate mixed gas outlet as well as a built-in heater coupled with ventilatory gas humidification. 

Brief summary of built-in features:

- Adjustable frequency
- Adjustable inspiration time
- Adjustable operating pressure
- Adjustable oxygen concentration
- Respiratory tract pressure measurement and monitoring including graphics
- Pause pressure measurement
- Continuous gas mixture volume via separate connection
- Jet air flow heating and humidification (optional)
- Pause pressure limit monitoring with automatic shut-off
- Ventilatory volume measurement
- etCO₂ measurement (optional)
- Built-in clock with date
PRESSURE LIMITS

PIP Limit (Respiratory Tract Pressure)

This limit can only be used with a separate measuring lead (proximal lead). The control panel displays the current patient respiratory tract pressure in graphics and numbers. This allows ventilation patterns to easily be recognised.

The display is automatically gauged based on the PIP alarm settings. If the pressure exceeds the defined limit the main valve shuts off and an alarm notification appears on the display. The valve will only be reactivated once the pressure has fallen to 40% of the limit. The audible alarm is automatically reset once the main valve is cleared.

In graphics this PIP limit is displayed as a broken line!

PP Limit (Pause Pressure)

The PP alarm is activated as soon as the MONSOON is in automatic mode and the “Start / stop” key has been pressed.

The pause pressure corresponds to the pressure inside the Jet lead and is measured a few milliseconds prior to engaging the main valve. The current patient respiratory tract pressure is indicated numerically on the control panel. This method allows the residual pressure inside the lead to be measured. If the value exceeds the limit the valve can only be activated once the pressure inside the lead falls to 20% of the limit. The audible alarm is automatically reset once the main valve is cleared.

Superimposed Pressure Limit (Superimposed Ventilation)

The SIPL limit works similar to the PIP limit, but will only disable the Jet valve 1 while the value exceeds the limit, without triggering an alarm. This method allows the use of superimposed Jet ventilation.

Setting the SIPL limit below 10mbar will disable this limit.

The SIPL limit must be set to below the PP limit or ventilation will be interrupted due to responding to the PP limit.

The SIPL is further automatically limited by the PIP.

The following formula applies: SIPLmax = PIP 1st - 5mbar

In graphics the PIP limit is displayed as a broken line!
The following must be performed prior to initial use of the apparatus.

**CAUTION:** Do not connect patients to this apparatus until these eight steps have been completed.

1. Connect apparatus to mains and switch on for 1 minute, then shut off. Unplug apparatus from mains and switch on again. An audible alarm must sound.

2. Connect air and oxygen supply tubes to the respective ports at the back of the apparatus and wall ports. The inputs are marked and coded to prevent reversing the two gas connections.

   **The maximum available operating pressure is 3.5 Bar.**

   **The following applies to supply pressures below 4 Bar:**

   **Maximum operating pressure = lower supply pressure – 0.5 Bar.**

3. Connect the apparatus to a suitable outlet using the power cable. The apparatus may be operated at 100 VAC to 240 VAC and automatically adjusts to the respective voltage without manual intervention. However, be sure the fuse used conforms to the value indicated on the label for the respective voltage. Fuses may only be exchanged by a trained technician. When exchanging fuses always use the same value fuse.

4. Connect patient tube to the port at the front of the apparatus labelled JET.

5. Connect pressure sensing line to the port labelled accordingly. Acutronic recommends using the separate pressure sensing line, if possible. This eliminates the risk of pneumothorax.

6. Finally, connect the AUX-Flow tube to the port labelled accordingly. The AUX-Flow is primarily intended to pre-oxygenate the patient via mask, as well as for emergency patient ventilation via resuscitation bag. (e.g. AMBU or Laerdal)

7. Switch on apparatus. The power switch is located at the back of the apparatus to prevent accidental apparatus switch-off.

8. After being switched on the internal oxygen sensor will automatically be calibrated. The apparatus is automatically calibrated every 24 hours. If calibration fails due to disconnected gas supply, calibration can be started manually from the "Settings" menu.
Check P-Pressure and PIP Safety Limits

**CAUTION:** the limits of the pressure switch-off must be tested using the included test lung prior to using the Jet ventilator.

1. Connect Jet patient tube to one of the two LUER-LOCK connections on the test lung.
2. Connect pressure sensing line to the second LUER-LOCK connection on the test lung.
3. Set PIP pressure limit to 15 mbar
4. Set PP pressure limit to 20 mbar
5. Use the operating pressure control to set the operating pressure to 1.5 bar.
6. Switch apparatus to automatic mode. To do so press the key labelled *auto/manual*. The LED must light on *auto*. LED = green
7. Set frequency to 150 CPM. Select inspiration time of 40%.
8. Start Jet ventilation by pressing the *start/stop* key.
9. Use your thumb to close the opening at the side of the test lung. Pressure will build and the apparatus will suspend ventilation once the set pressure limit is reached. The alarm notification "*PIP too high*" will appear and an audible signal will sound; release test lunch. The apparatus will continue ventilation and the audible alarm will mute.
10. Disconnect the pressure sensing line from the test lung and repeat test. The apparatus will suspend ventilation. The alarm notification "*PP too high*" will appear and an audible signal will sound. Once the test lung is released ventilation will continue and the audible alarm will mute.

**If using a Double Jet the second Jet must be tested by repeating steps 1 through 10.**
Using the MONSOON with Single Lumen Catheter

Caution:  Limited space may not always allow the use of a Jet catheter with second lumen for continuous pressure monitoring or capnography. For this reason the MONSOON features a built-in pause pressure monitor.

It monitors the pressure still present in the respiratory tracts after applying the Jet pulse. This determines whether the respiratory tract pressure has decreased during expiration.

This safety feature provides reliable protection from patient barotrauma. To ensure this safety feature is effective the Jet frequency must be higher than 80 CPM. At a Jet frequency below 80 CPM the volume of a single Jet pulse may be big enough to cause barotrauma.

The following graphic illustrates the PP (Pause Pressure) measurement:
OPERATION

Parameter Settings

Select the ventilation parameter you would like to adjust. The parameter window will open. Turn the rotary pulse encoder to set the desired value and confirm by pressing the rotary pulse encoder.

The following parameters may be set:
- Supply pressure Jet 1 (Jet 2)
- Frequency Jet 1 (Jet 2)
- Inspiration time Jet 1 (Jet 2)
- Pause pressure limit
- Proximal pressure limit
- Oxygen concentration
- Bypass flow (Aux.)
- Humidification

If no entry is made within 10 seconds of the parameter window opening it will automatically close.

Menu

The menu key allows access to additional settings:
- SIPL
- Double Jet
- Aux-Flow
- Humidification
- Settings
- Language
- Service
- Disconnect

These may be opened and activated/set by touching the tabs. If no entry is made within 10 seconds of the parameter window opening it will automatically close and return to the main screen.
Superimposed Pressure Limit (SIPL)

The SIPL limit is works similar to the PIP limit but will only block Jet valve 1 as long as the limit is exceeded, without triggering an alarm. This method allows superimposed Jet ventilation to be implemented.

The SIPL is only available on the MONSOON+ in IPS mode (see: Settings).

The SIPL limit must be set to below the PP limit or ventilation will be interrupted in response to the PP limit.

In addition the SIPL is automatically limited by the PIP. The following formula applies:

\[ \text{SIPL}_{\text{max}} = \text{PIP}_{\text{ls}} - 5 \text{ mbar} \]

Setting the SIPL limit below 10 mbar will disable this limit; the maximum value is 40 mbar.

In graphics this SIPL limit is displayed as a broken line!

Double Jet (Optional)

When activating the Double-Jet function the parameters for the second Jet are displayed at the bottom right of the main screen, and can also be adjusted from there.

In this case the parameters for bypass and humidification are no longer available. With Double-Jet activated these settings can also be made through the menu.
**Bypass**

In Single-Jet mode the bypass can be adjusted directly on the main screen.

MONSOON Basic features a constant flow of 15 lpm.

MONSOON+ features a flow range of 0 - 70 lpm, which can be adjusted in 5lpm increments.

In Double-Jet mode the bypass must be adjusted through the menu.

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**Humidification**

In Single-Jet mode humidification can be adjusted directly on the main screen.

In Double-Jet mode humidification must be adjusted through the menu.
There are 8 humidification settings (see table at the right).

**Caution:**
When using the MONSOON for long-term applications, e.g. the ICU or longer than 30 minutes in the operating theatre, humidification must be used to avoid damage to the respiratory tracts. During humidification the respiratory tracts must be routinely monitored for proper humidification.

Only use sterile water. Never use NaCl for humidification to avoid damage to the vaporiser unit inside the apparatus.

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Setting</th>
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<tr>
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<td>7</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>100</td>
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</table>

**Preparation**

Connect IV set to IV bottle and completely fill set with water. The drip chamber should be filled 1/3 of the way with water. Now connect the set to the Luer-Lock connection at the front of the MONSOON. Attach drop counter to the drip chamber (white ring inside sensor slot) and plug into the rear of the MONSOON (marked “Counter”).

Open seals on IV set, select the desired humidification level and start Jet. The notification: “No water” will appear which must be reset with the “alarm reset” key.

The ventilation parameters will then be adjusted downward to quickly supply the internal humidification system with water. Once this is completed the apparatus will return to the previously set parameters. Humidification is monitored and controlled via the drop sensor.
Once the apparatus is no longer being used it must be dehumidified to eliminate the risk of germs potential forming inside the humidification system.

If the power switch is activated to shut the equipment off without first initiating the dehumidification cycle, an alarm will indicate dehumidification has not been performed. Press the power switch again to reset the alarm and initiate dehumidification.

The dehumidification cycle is started through the humidification menu. The dehumidification key only appears with the Jet switched off.

Confirm key and follow these instructions:
- Remove Jet tubes from patient
- Disconnect water supply

Be sure to keep the Jet tubes away from people. Risk of scalding during dehumidification!

After confirming dehumidification will start and automatically stop once the residual water has been removed from the system. This process takes up to 1 minute.
The „Settings“ menu allows the following to be adjusted:

- etCO₂ module ON / OFF
- etCO₂ interval measurement: measurement automatically starts at the selected intervals during Jet operation
- etCO₂ measuring unit
- Manual oxygen sensor calibration
- Application selector (MONSOON+):
  - OR mode -> SIPL not available
  - ICU mode -> SIPL available
- Display contrast
- Laser O₂ level: O₂ value default for “Laser on/off” key
- Alarm volume

Set the desired language.

The “Maintenance” menu is password protected. Only ACUTRONIC Medical Systems AG trained staff will have the password to access:

- Calibrations
- Time / Date
- Factory settings
- Demo mode
### Disconnection

With the “Disconnection” function activated pressure changes in the respiratory tract are measured via the proximal tube.

If no change in the airway pressure is detected over a period of 15 seconds the Jet will stop and an alarm will sound. This alarm will mute and the Jet automatically continues once a pressure change is detected.

### Laser Application

The desired oxygen concentration for laser procedures can be adjusted under settings (21% to 40%).

Pressing the “Laser on/off” key to activate regulating the oxygen concentration at the default. Once the oxygen concentration is reached inside the blender a notification “Laser OK” will appear. Once the function is deactivated the blender will automatically return to the last O₂ setting.

The notification “Laser OK” merely refers to having reached the default oxygen concentration in the blender. An increased oxygen concentration may still be present in the respiratory tracts of the patient as the ventilation parameters or constricted respiratory tracts results in a decreased depletion of the oxygen.
etCO₂ – Measurement (Optional)

The etCO₂ module is activated through the “Settings” menu. In addition, times for interval measurements and units can be set. With an interval measurement time set etCO₂ measurement is automatically triggered in the set intervals. The interval measurement time proceeds once “start/stop” key is pressed to start the Jet.

Connect Sample Line H (P/N 7715) to the front of the MONSOON. Please allow up to 20 seconds for calibration.

**IMPORTANT:** Calibration must be performed against atmosphere!

Pressing the “etCO₂” key with the Jet on will trigger the measuring cycle. The MONSOON automatically switches to 5 long inhalations followed by the measurement over a period of 10 seconds with the Jet switched off. Following measurement the apparatus will continue with the previous parameter settings.

The right of the graph (1) displays the graphic and numerical real time measurement. The elapsed time (2) is displayed below the etCO₂ key, the peak measurement from the last measurement at the left of the graph (3). The graph also indicates measurements as a trend (4).
Press the “Video” key to activate the video camera.

**Focusing the image**
To focus the image, turn the optical focusing ring (2) on the camera head.

**Adjust white balance**
Proceed as follows:
Aim the endoscope at a white object, e.g. sterile gauze.
Briefly press the white balance button (3) and keep the endoscope aimed at the white object for 5 sec.
The image will now change to pure white. This process allows true colour rendering for all colours.

**Window function**
The „Window“ button (3) will select a preset window. Only the part of the camera chip containing image information will be used to control sensitivity. This function allows black edges of e.g. thin optics with small working diameters to be removed, thus optimizing the images.
The window function is deactivated in the factory settings. Hold button 3 (min. 3 sec) to activate the Window function. This setting can be recognised by images now being displayed without brightness artefacts when using thin endoscopes. To deactivate this function press key 3 again (min. 3 sec).
**Remote Control (Optional)**

The function of the remote control is identical to the Start/Stop key function on the control panel. The remote cable is 2 metres long.

Connect the remote to the jack at the back of the apparatus labelled “Start/Stop”. The jet may now be controlled via remote control or control panel.
### Automatic – Manual Operating Mode

The MONSOON features two operating modes:

**Automatic mode**
To select automatic mode press the "auto/manual" key until the yellow LED next to the key lights.

Pressing the "start/stop" key will start the MONSOON. The Jet valve open and close based on the set parameters (frequency, inspiration time) and is monitored by the activated limits (PIP, PP and SIPL).

Pressing the "start/stop" key again will stop the MONSOON.

**Manual Mode**
In this mode the Jet valve is only open as long as the "start/stop" key is pressed and the PIP limit has not been reached.

> The proximal pressure sensing line must be connected in manual mode!

Pressure monitoring is not active without connected pressure sensing line! Monitor thorax movement!

To select manual mode press "auto/manual" until the blue LED next to the key lights.

When switching to manual mode the notification "Manual mode – PIP monitoring recommended" will appear. This notification will be displayed until the apparatus returns to automatic mode.
The patient data menu allows information pertaining to treatment/application type and patient condition to the entered. MONSOON will recommend parameter settings based on this information.

Press the „Patient Data“ key to access the menu.

Data can now be entered. Tap the respective tab to select it and browse with the rotary pulse encoder.

Now confirm the selection.

MONSOON will now recommend settings which will automatically be applied when confirmed.

**CAUTION:** The recommended settings are merely intended as a guide.
**Legend:**

1. 2 litre breathing bag
2. Patient connecting tube (part number 1004)
3. Swivel adapter with Jet cannula or Luer Lock adapter (part number 1010)
4. Standard T-piece with 22 mm connections
5. Standard PEEP valve with 22 mm connection (part number 1000-8014)

**Set-Up:**

1. Connect swivel adapter to endo- or transtracheal tube.
2. Secure breathing bag and 22 mm ventilation tube to T-piece. The tube from the swivel adapter to the T-piece should be no longer than 50 cm. The length of the tube from the T-piece to the PEEP valve is less critical and can be approx. 1 m long.

*Figure 7: CPAP ventilation set*
3. Connect patient connection tube to swivel adapter.

**Apparatus settings:**

1. Frequency approx. 100 CPM
2. Inspiratory time 30%
3. Driving pressure 1 bar
4. PIP alarm 40 mbar.
5. Pause pressure alarm (PP-Alarm) 40 mbar
6. SIPL limit OFF

Press the “start/stop” key to start the ventilator.

**Humidification:**

To prevent the trachea from desiccating the humidifier should be set to 100% output (=Level 8). When in doubt occasionally check the trachea using a fibre optic bronchoscope.

**Remarks:**

Occasionally perform blood gas analysis to ensure sufficient oxygen saturation and CO2 elimination and modify settings based on the results. The CO2 elimination efficiency increases with increased driving pressure.

The breathing bag should periodically be checked for proper mixed gas filling from the Jet ventilator. Do not allow the breathing bag to collapse as this would result the patient being insufficient supplied with mixed gas for spontaneous respiration.

**Diagram:**

The following pressure-time diagram shows the pressure pattern with CPAP superimposed Jet ventilation. However, this curve will only be displayed on the Jet ventilator monitor with the proximal pressure sensing line connected.

![Figure 8: CPAP ventilation](image-url)
"Kleinsasser" technique:

Applications:

- Laryngotracheal diagnosis and microsurgery
- Laser surgery
- Removing foreign objects

Figure 9: Principle of infraglottic Jet ventilation
Supraglottic (Catheterless) Jet Ventilation

"Aloy" technique:

Applications:

- Laryngotracheal diagnosis and microsurgery
- Laser surgery
- Airway stenosis

Figure 10: Principle of supraglottic Jet ventilation
Rigid Bronchoscopy
Infraglottic Jet Ventilation

"Sanders" technique:

Applications:

- Laryngotracheal diagnosis and microsurgery
- Laser surgery
- Removing foreign objects

Figure 11: Principle of rigid bronchoscopy
Transtracheal Jet Ventilation

"Ravussin" technique:

Applications:

- Laryngotracheal diagnosis and microsurgery
- Laser surgery
- Emergency oxygenation

Figure 12: Principle of transtracheal Jet ventilation
ALARMS AND ERROR CODES

The MONSOON features a complex notification concept. There are 3 levels with different visual and audible indication:

Legend
LED1: Patient alarm
LED2: System alarm

Patient and System alarms can be muted for two minutes. If the error persists after this period the alarm will again sound.

If another error type is detected while the alarm is muted the silencing will instantly be cancelled.

Alarms automatically mute if the error no longer exists or has been resolved. However, the error notification will remain until cancelled by the user with the “alarm reset” key.

If multiple alarms are active the highest priority alarm is displayed.
With multiple inactive alarms the notification for the last active superimposes prior notifications. The user must cancel these one after another via the “alarm reset” key.

Notices are silent and merely provide the user with information or reminders for certain processes. Notices will only appear with a specific process active and cancel automatically.
Patient alarms are alarms triggered with (pressure) limits exceeded or disconnected water supply for the humidification and must and can be checked by the user.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No drops detected</td>
<td>Drop counter defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Check drop counter connection and function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bottle empty</td>
<td>Check IV bottle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IV set closed, kinked or disconnected</td>
<td>Check IV set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No water</td>
<td>Bottle empty</td>
<td>Check IV bottle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IV set closed, kinked or disconnected</td>
<td>Check IV bottle, Check IV set,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air in humidifier</td>
<td>Press &quot;Alarm reset&quot; to flood humidifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CAUTION: ventilation may stop for up to 15 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP high</td>
<td>Excessive airway pressure</td>
<td>Check airways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proximal tube blocked / kinked?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust ventilation parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP disconnected</td>
<td>No pressure change detected in proximal</td>
<td>Patient connected to Jet outlet?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>tube for more than 15 seconds</td>
<td>Jet tube connected to system?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proximal pressure sensing line connected?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP high</td>
<td>Excessive pause pressure</td>
<td>Check airways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Jet tube blocked / kinked?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust ventilation parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Catheter too small for driving pressure?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
System Alarms

System alarms are alarms caused by disconnected energy supply or faulty hardware. To some extent these can be checked and resolved by the user.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DP Sensor defect</td>
<td>Driving pressure sensor defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary flow valve error</td>
<td>Bypass valve defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary flow sensor defective</td>
<td>Bypass flow sensor defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low air supply pressure</td>
<td>AIR supply pressure too low &lt; 2bar</td>
<td>Check AIR gas supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low air supply pressure, do not use laser</td>
<td>Oxygen saturation setting for laser cannot be reached due to low/missing air supply</td>
<td>Check AIR gas supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error LED defective</td>
<td>Defective LED on control unit or main unit</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO2 device failure</td>
<td>Exhaust pump overheated</td>
<td>Reactivate CO2 module in settings menu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CO2 module defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FiO₂ failure</td>
<td>O₂ setting cannot be reached within 3 minutes</td>
<td>Check gas supply and start manual calibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main-processor unit error</td>
<td>Discrepancy between main and slave processor</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater failure</td>
<td>Temperature too low</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal temperature</td>
<td>Temperature sensor defective or</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measuring defective</td>
<td>disconnected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jet valve error</td>
<td>Jet valve defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jet flow sensor defective</td>
<td>Flow Sensor defective or</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>disconnected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No communication between</td>
<td>MMI unplugged</td>
<td>Check connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMI and main unit</td>
<td>defective cable between MMI and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>main unit</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power switch turned OFF,</td>
<td>Residual water in humidification</td>
<td>Press power switch and start dehumidification cycle (see section: Humidification)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>system not dehumidified</td>
<td>system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power switch is turned OFF.</td>
<td>Power switch on back panel</td>
<td>To switch off apparatus press &quot;Alarm mute&quot; or press power switch to continue operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Push 'alarm mute' to</td>
<td>was pressed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shutdown</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2 calibration failed</td>
<td>Gas supply disconnected</td>
<td>Check gas supply and start manual calibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2 sensor weak</td>
<td>O2 sensor worn, weak signal</td>
<td>Replace O2 sensor or contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP measuring electronic</td>
<td>Measurement discrepancy between</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>error</td>
<td>Main and Slave processor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP Sensor defective</td>
<td>Proximal pressure sensor</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>defective or disconnected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP measuring electronics error</td>
<td>Measurement discrepancy between Main and Slave processor</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP sensor defective</td>
<td>Pause pressure sensor defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP sensor pneumatically disconnected</td>
<td>No pressure measurement by sensor with Jet on</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real Time Clock unit error</td>
<td>Undefined time measurement</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low oxygen supply pressure</td>
<td>O2 supply pressure too low &lt; 2bar</td>
<td>Check O2 gas supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beeper error</td>
<td>Buzzer defective or loose contact</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ventilator error</td>
<td>Ventilator defective or disconnected</td>
<td>Contact ACUTRONIC service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Notices

Notices are silent and merely provide the user with information or reminders for certain processes. Notices will only appear with a specific process active and cancel automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Humidifier is turned off | Safety switch-off due to multiple subsequent *No Water* | Use alternate apparatus  
Contact ACUTRONIC service |
| Check CO₂-filterline if occluded or kinked | CO₂ module pump overloaded | Check filter line for kink or clog, exchange filter line if necessary |
| CO₂ measuring in progress | CO₂ measurement triggered | Measurement takes approx. 20 seconds, ventilation continues at prior parameters once completed |
| CO₂ zeroing | Automatic calibration once filter line is plugged into CO₂ module | **Do not connect filter line to patient** Must be calibrated to atmosphere |
| Disconnect monitoring active | SIPL activated  
Disconnection activated | Connect proximal tube to patient |
| Heater and Humidifier is turned off | Message triggered by *Internal temperature measurement defective* or *Heater error* | Use alternate apparatus  
Contact ACUTRONIC service |
<p>| Laser ok | Appears once the oxygen saturation preset for laser applications is reached | Laser may be switched on |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manual mode</th>
<th>No pause pressure monitoring during manual inspiration</th>
<th>Connect proximal tube to patient</th>
<th>Set PIP limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Only use distilled water</td>
<td>Message appears when humidification active</td>
<td>Message can be cancelled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP monitoring recommended</td>
<td>At frequency ≤ 80 CPM insufficient measurement through pause pressure</td>
<td>Connect proximal tube to patient</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump-system priming in progress</td>
<td>Message triggered by <em>No water</em> alarm</td>
<td>Message disappears once water is added to the humidification system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service due</td>
<td>Annual safety control required</td>
<td>Apparatus may continue to be used</td>
<td>Inspection and service by trained technician highly recommended</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# ACCESSORIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7720</td>
<td>Jet tube MONSOON III, Jet 1, length 1.6m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7721</td>
<td>Jet tube MONSOON III, Jet 2, Length 1.6m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7722</td>
<td>Bypass flow tube MONSOON III, length 1.6m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7723</td>
<td>Proximal pressure tube MONSOON III, length 1.6m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1011</td>
<td>Test lung for ACUTRONIC Jet ventilator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7715</td>
<td>etCO₂ sample Line for MONSOON III Box of 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7716</td>
<td>etCO₂ measurement Y-piece MONSOON III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7717</td>
<td>Drop counter MONSOON III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7718</td>
<td>Water supply set MONSOON III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7731</td>
<td>Connection cable MONSOON III to Control Panel Length 30 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7732</td>
<td>Connection cable MONSOON III to Control Panel Length 250 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7733</td>
<td>Retainer DIN-bar/IV bar for MMI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7734</td>
<td>Bottle holder MONSOON III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7703</td>
<td>Video camera incl. TV adapter MONSOON III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1002</td>
<td>Jet medication nebulizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1008</td>
<td>Transtracheal jet catheter, paediatric 14 G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1009</td>
<td>Transtracheal jet catheter, adult 13 G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1010</td>
<td>Jet ventilation swivel adapter, female Luer Lock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1539</td>
<td>ACUCATH, double-lumen Jet catheter for non-laser ENT procedures, 40 cm, 12 CH Box of 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1938</td>
<td>LaserJet 40, double-lumen Jet catheter, Biro type, for ENT laser procedures, 40 cm, 12 CH Box of 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1939</td>
<td>LaserJet 70, double-lumen jet catheter, Biro type, for ENT laser procedures, 70 cm, 12 CH Box of 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1393</td>
<td>Swivel Jet, swivel connector with Jet cannula</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1189</td>
<td>Double Jet injection needle for standard Kleinsasser laryngoscope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1057</td>
<td>Metal laser needle for laser procedures of the upper respiratory tract, with laryngoscope Adults, 240 mm, ID 2.5 mm, AD 3.5 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1058</td>
<td>Metal laser needle for laser procedures of the upper respiratory tract, with laryngoscope Paediatric: 200 mm, ID: 1.4 mm, OD: 2.2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1059</td>
<td>Metal laser needle for laser procedures of the upper respiratory tract, with laryngoscope Infant: 140 mm, ID: 1.4 mm, AD: 2.2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1060</td>
<td>Needle holder for laryngoscopes for securing the laser needle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>misc.</td>
<td>Laryngoscopy Set REMACLE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TREATMENT, DISINFECTING / CLEANING

Treat the apparatus and tube set after each patient.

Never sterilise the actual apparatus. Only surface disinfect e.g. with Buraton 10 F or Terralin (by Schülke & Mayr, Norderstedt).
Always follow the manufacturer instructions for use.

Recommendation:
Circuit as well as Jet tube, pressure tube and bypass flow tube must always be changed and treated to avoid contaminating the next patient. The following methods may be used.

Sterilising the circuit:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item no.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Sterilisation method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7720</td>
<td>Jet tube 1</td>
<td>Gas sterilisation, autoclavable at 134°C / 18 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7721</td>
<td>Jet tube 2</td>
<td>Gas sterilisation, autoclavable at 134°C / 18 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7722</td>
<td>Bypass flow tube</td>
<td>Gas sterilisation, autoclavable at 134°C / 18 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7723</td>
<td>Pressure tube</td>
<td>Gas sterilisation, autoclavable at 134°C / 18 minutes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After a maximum of 20 sterilisations the tubes must be replaced and are no longer usable!

Sterilising accessories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item no.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Sterilisation method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1002</td>
<td>Medication nebuliser</td>
<td>Autoclavable at 134°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1008</td>
<td>Transtracheal Jet catheter 14 G</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1009</td>
<td>Transtracheal Jet catheter 13 G</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1010</td>
<td>Swivel adapter for Jet ventilation</td>
<td>Autoclavable at 134°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1011</td>
<td>Test valve for Jet ventilator</td>
<td>Surface disinfect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1393</td>
<td>Swivel adapter with Jet cannula</td>
<td>Autoclavable at 134°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1539</td>
<td>Jet catheter Acucath</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1938</td>
<td>Teflon catheter for laser surgery</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1939</td>
<td>Teflon catheter for laser surgery</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7715</td>
<td>etCO2 sample line</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7716</td>
<td>Y-adapter etCO2</td>
<td>Single use only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7717</td>
<td>Drop sensor</td>
<td>Surface disinfect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7920</td>
<td>Remote button</td>
<td>Surface disinfect</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>Follow instructions for use. Important</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>Apparatus type BF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡</td>
<td>Caution - voltage. Unplug apparatus before opening. Only to be opened by skilled service personnel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⌀</td>
<td>Potential equalisation port</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O I</td>
<td>OFF / ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>O = OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I = ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AD</td>
<td>Driving pressure or emission pressure of Jet pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP</td>
<td>Pause pressure = pressure measured inside the Jet tube, 10 ms before the next Jet pulse is applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP</td>
<td>Peak inspiratory pressure measured inside the airway pressure measuring tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIPL Limit</td>
<td>Adjustable limit. If pressure inside the airway pressure measuring tube exceeds this value the Jet halts pulsation until the pressure has dropped below this limit. No alarm is triggered as this function is desirable with superimposed Jet ventilation. This does not cause the peak pressure to increase during Jet ventilation. However, this increases the median airway pressure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIP Limit</td>
<td>Peak inspiratory pressure limit, which must be set. Jet pulsation is automatically interrupted if this limit is reached and a visual as well as audible alarm is triggered.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ABOUT ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

Note:

"MONSOON" is a MEDICAL APPLIANCE subject to specific precautionary measures with regard to EMC and must be installed and started up according to the notices according to the instructions in this manual.

Warning:

Portable and medical HF communication devices could impact MEDICAL APPLIANCES!

Warning:

Never use "MONSOON" directly adjacent to, or stack with other apparatuses. If unavoidable, be sure to monitor the equipment for proper operation with this set-up.

Warning:

The use other accessories, cables or converters with the "MONSOON" may result in increased electromagnetic interference and reduce the immunity of "MONSOON".

Note:

The key performance characteristics of the "MONSOON" ventilator are:
- MONSOON must operate within the defined specifications and the medical purpose. Failure to meet these specifications will result in respiration being stopped.
- For this reason a second, stand-alone ventilation unit must always be available, e.g. resuscitation bag.

Guideline and manufacturer declaration – electromagnetic emission

The device "MONSOON" is intended for operation in the environment described below. The customer or user of the "MONSOON" apparatus should ensure it is operated in this type of environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EMI measurement</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment - guideline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HF emission CISPR 11</td>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>The device &quot;MONSOON&quot; uses HF energy solely for internal operation. Its HF emission is thus very low and interference with adjacent apparatuses is unlikely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HF emission CISPR 11</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emission of harmonics IEC 61000-3-2</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td>The device &quot;MONSOON&quot; is suitable for use in all other areas except residential areas and areas directly connected to a public mains supply which also supplies buildings used for residential purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emission of voltage fluctuations / flickers IEC 61000-3-3</td>
<td>Met</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Guideline and manufacturer declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The device “MONSOON” is intended for operation in the environment described below. The customer or user of the “MONSOON” apparatus should ensure it is operated in this type of environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity testing</th>
<th>IEC60601 test level</th>
<th>Compliance level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment – guideline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrostatic discharge (ESD)</td>
<td>± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air</td>
<td>± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air</td>
<td>Floors should be wooden or concrete or tiled with ceramic tiles. For flooring made from synthetic materials the relative air humidity must be no less than 30%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quick electric transients/burst</td>
<td>± 2kV for power cords ± 1kV for in-/output cables</td>
<td>± 2kV for power cords ± 1kV for in-/output cables</td>
<td>The mains quality should correspond to typical business or hospital environments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surges</td>
<td>± 1 kV lead to lead ± 2 kV lead to ground</td>
<td>± 1 kV lead to lead ± 2 kV lead to ground</td>
<td>The mains quality should correspond to typical business or hospital environments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage drops, temporary power failures and fluctuations</td>
<td>&lt;5% (U_t), (&gt;95% drop of (U_t)) for ½ period 40% (U_t), (60% drop of (U_t)) for 5 periods 70% (U_t), (30% drop of (U_t)) for 25 periods &lt;5% (U_t), (&gt;95% drop of (U_t)) for 5 seconds</td>
<td>&lt;5% (U_t), (&gt;95% drop of (U_t)) for ½ period 40% (U_t), (60% drop of (U_t)) for 5 periods 70% (U_t), (30% drop of (U_t)) for 25 periods &lt;5% (U_t), (&gt;95% drop of (U_t)) for 5 seconds</td>
<td>The mains quality should correspond to typical business or hospital environments. If the operator of the “MONSOON” requires continued use in the event of a power failure we recommend connecting the “MONSOON” to an uninterruptible mains supply or a battery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnetic field at supply frequency (50/60 Hz)</td>
<td>3 A/m</td>
<td>3 A/m</td>
<td>Magnetic fields at the mains frequency should correspond to typical values in business and hospital environments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remark \(U_t\) is the mains alternating voltage prior to applying the test level.
### Guideline and manufacturer declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The device "MONSOON" is intended for operation in the environment described below. The customer or user of the "MONSOON" apparatus should ensure it is operated in this type of environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity testing</th>
<th>IEC60601 test level</th>
<th>Compliance level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment – guideline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HF interference currents IEC 61000-4-6</td>
<td>3 V&lt;sub&gt;e&lt;/sub&gt; 150 kHz to 80 MHz beyond ISM bands&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>10 V</td>
<td>Never use portable or mobile radio devices closer to the &quot;MONSOON&quot;, including cables, than the recommended safety distance calculated using the equation applicable to the transmission frequency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 V&lt;sub&gt;e&lt;/sub&gt; 150 kHz to 80 MHz within ISM bands&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HF interference radiation IEC 61000-4-3</td>
<td>10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz</td>
<td>10 V/m</td>
<td>Recommended safety distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 0.35P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 1.2P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 1.2P 80 MHz to 800 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 2.3P 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P being the transmitter’s nominal rating in Watts (W) per manufacturer specifications and d being the recommended safety distance in metres (m).

The field strength of stationary radio transmitters should be below the compliance level<sup>c</sup> on all frequencies as tested on site.<sup>c</sup>

Interference may occur in proximity of apparatuses bearing the following symbol:

### REMARK 1
At 80 MHz and 800 MHz the higher frequency range applies.

### REMARK 2
These guidelines may not apply to all cases. The propagation of electromagnetic quantities is influenced by absorption and reflection of buildings, objects and people.

<sup>a</sup> The ISM bands (Industrial, Scientific and Medical) between 150 kHz and 80 MHz are 6.765 MHz to 6.795 MHz; 13.553 MHz to 13.567 MHz; 26.957 MHz to 27.283 MHz; and 40.66 MHz to 40.7 MHz.

<sup>b</sup> The compliance levels in ISM frequency bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz and between 80 MHz and 2.5 GHz are defined as such so as to decrease the probability of mobile/portable transmitters causing interference in the event they are accidentally brought in to the vicinity of the patient. For this reason an additional factor of 10/3 is used when calculating the recommended safety distance of transmitters in this frequency range.

<sup>c</sup> In theory the field intensity of stationary transmitters, as e.g. base units of radio telephones (mobile/cordless) and mobile land radio devices, amateur radio stations, AM and FM radio stations and television stations cannot be predefined precisely. A study of the location should be conducted to determine the electromagnetic environment with regard to stationary transmitters. If the field intensity at the location where the "MONSOON" is used exceeds the above compliance levels, "MONSOON" should be monitored for proper function. If unusual performance characteristics are observed, additional measures may be required, as e.g. changing the direction or location of the "MONSOON".

<sup>d</sup> Above a frequency range of 150kHz to 80MHz the field intensity should be below 10 V/m.
Recommended safety distances between portable and mobile HF communication devices and the device "MONSOON"

"MONSOON" is intended to be operated in an electromagnetic environment with controlled HF interferences. The operator of the "MONSOON" can help avoid electromagnetic interference by maintaining the minimum distance between portable and mobile HF telecommunication devices (transmitters) and the device "MONSOON" – depending on the output rating of the communication device, as listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum transmitter power output W</th>
<th>Safety distance depending on frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150 kHz to 80 MHz outside ISM bands d = 0.35P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For transmitters with a maximum power output not listed in the above table the recommended safety distance d in metres (m) can be determined using the equation from the corresponding column, with P being the transmitter's maximum power output Watts (W) per the transmitter's manufacturer specifications.

REMARK 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz the safety distance of the higher frequency applies.

REMARK 2 The ISM bands (industrial, scientific and medical) between 150 kHz and 80 MHz are 6.765 MHz to 6.795 MHz; 13.553 MHz to 13.567 MHz; 26.957 MHz to 27.283 MHz; and 40.66 MHz to 40.7 MHz.

REMARK 3 An additional factor of 10/3 is used when calculating the recommended safety distance for transmitters within the ISM frequency between 150kHz and 80 MHz and between 800MHz and 2.5GHz to reduce the probability of mobile/portable transmitters causing interference if accidentally brought into the vicinity of the patient.

REMARK 4 These guidelines may not apply to all cases. The propagation of electromagnetic quantities is influenced by absorption and reflection of buildings, objects and people.
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Settings and Ranges

- Jet frequency
  - Jet 1: 12 – 1600 pulses/min (+2%)
  - Jet 2: 1 – 100 pulses/min (+2%)

- Inspiratory time
  - 15-75% (+2%)

- Alarms:
  - Pause pressure
    - Jet 1: OFF - 100 mbar (+2%)
    - Jet 2: 1 - 100 mbar (+2%)
  - Airway pressure
    - 1 - 100 mbar (+2%)
  - Disconnection
    - On - Off

- Driving pressure
  - 0.1 - 3.5 bar (+2%)

- Oxygen concentration
  - 21 - 100% (+3%)

- Minute volume measurement
  - 0 - 200 l/min (+10%)

- Tidal volume measurement
  - 0 – 10,000 ml (+10%)

- Bypass Flow
  - 0 - 70 l/min

- Max. water flow
  - 6 ml/min

- Max. heater output
  - 200 Watt

Dimensions

Main unit:

- W x H x D
  - 42 cm x 19 cm x 39 cm

- Weight:
  - Basic: approx. 13.5 kg
  - PLUS: approx. 14.0 kg
  - PLUS Double jet: approx. 15.8 kg

Control panel:

- W x H x D
  - 27 cm x 8 cm x 21 cm

- Weight:
  - approx. 1.5 kg

Connections / Ports

- Air supply
  - 4.0 to 6.5 bar

- Oxygen supply
  - 4.0 to 6.5 bar

- Power supply
  - 100 to 240 VAC 50/60 Hz

- Average power consumption: 100 W

- Ethernet port
  - LAN connection / HL7
Environmental Conditions

 Operation:
- Temperature  15 to 40°C
- Barometric pressure 700 to 1060 hPa
- rel. humidity 0 – 90%

 Storage and transport:
- Temperature - 20 to 60°C
- Barometric pressure 500 to 1060 hPa
- rel. humidity 0 to 100%

Disposal

Disposal of batteries and O2 sensors:

- Do not throw batteries into fire; do not charge batteries ➔ Risk of explosion!
- Do not force open ➔ Risk of chemical burn!

Dispose of batteries and O2 sensors according to local waste management ordinances. Please contact your local environmental or regulatory authority and appropriate waste management companies.
Rear View / Connections

Figure 14: MONSOON - rear view

Legend:
Element 1: AIR input (NIST)
Element 2: O₂ input (NIST)
Element 3: Fan
Element 4: Nurse Call connection
Element 5: Drop counter connection
Element 6: Remote control connection
Element 7: LAN / HL7 port
Element 8: Mains switch
Element 9: Mains connector (100 – 240V)
Element 10: Earthing connector
Element 11: Nameplate
Element 12: O₂ bleed
Element 13: CO₂ bleed
Element 14: Bottle mount priming
Replacing Fuses

**Principle:**
Always replace fuses with fuses of identical rating. We recommended having fuses replaced by training service staff.

The mains fuses are located inside the MONSOON’s mains input socket at the back of the device.

**Procedure:**
Unplug. Use a screwdriver to loosen the locking mechanism marked with arrows and open drawer.
Remove fuse and replace with a fuse of identical rating (T3.15A H). Push drawer into mains input socket. Be sure the locking mechanism catches.
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